



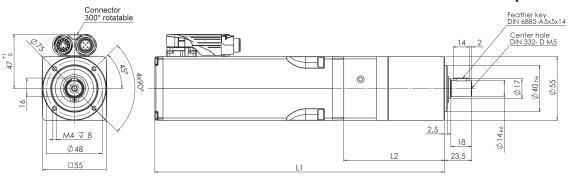
HBI 26 - GPK 55

Integrated Synchronous Servo Drive

with planetary gear

positioning capability with linear hall sensor system with or without parking brake

Planetary gear series GPK 55 up to 50 Nm peak torque



*)	Designs with parking brake respectively 30 mm longer.
	Shorter designs with teethed motorshaft on request.
	Shorier designs with recined motorshall of request.

Time	Gear Ratio	Dimension				
Туре	Gear Katio	L1 *) **)	L2 **)			
HBI2630-GPK55	4 :1 - 9:1(1-stage)	220	87			
HBI2630-GPK55	16 :1 - 49:1(1-stage)	239	106			
HBI2660-GPK55	4 :1 - 9:1(1-stage)	250	87			
HBI2660-GPK55	16 :1 - 49:1(2-stage)	269	106			

type	HBI 26 - GPK 55					
series	-					
operation acc. to standards VDE 0530	S1					
isolation acc. to standards VDE 0530	F					
protection acc. to standards VDE 0530	IP 54					
kind of connection	flange connector					
rotating direction	reversible					
bearing (motor and gear box)	ball bearing					
gear box	not self-locking					

for detailed motor data please refer to data sheet HBI 26

Motor design:

The HBI 26 - GPK 55 are composed of brushless synchronous servo motors with concentrated winding systems and integrated electronics and a flange-mounted planetary gear. These compact and powerful drives are well suited for peripheral applications in single or multi axes systems operating at selective 24VDC or 48VDC.

The HBI's are operated either by analogue/digital signals or via the CAN interface.

The rotor position is evaluated through a linear hall sensor system. The sinusoidal motor current feed leads to smooth and constant torque development.

The drive's configuration is done via RS232 and a clear and simple to use PC-Software "DserV".

Other gear ratios and special designs on request.

Gearbox design:

The planetary gear GPK 55 splits the torque to be transmitted into three symmetrical parts. In conjunction with the one-piece gear housing and with the combination of output bearing and centring flange it leads to a very compact design.

The connection to the motor shaft is done via a clamping hub and offers easy possibilities of interchanging.

All toothing parts are made of heat-treated high-strength steel.

The gearbox has a synthetic grease lifetime lubrication.

The planet wheels are equipped with needle bearings.

The output shaft is double-supported by roller bearing which leads to high axial and radial load capabilities.

Through the very robust construction the gearboxes series GPK 55 are well suited for industrial applications.

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											d limitati gear box						
e G	70	.e ²⁾		or 2)	(ta		70			Š			_	15 moment of inertia gear box ³⁾	xoq	Б	_
1 nominal voltage	2 nominal speed	3 nominal torque ²⁾	4 starting torque	5 nominal power ²⁾	6 nominal current 1)	power gear box input	8 nominal speed gear box input		>	wer	12 max. continuous torque	ırting	14 max. badklash	ı of ii	total weight motor + gear box	17 F _R (allow. radial shaft load) ⁴⁾	18 F _A (allow. axial shaft load)
mina	mina	mina	rting	mina	mina	wer ir box	mina Ir box	ratio gear box	efficienc) gear box	, s	max. co torque	max. sto torque	x. ba	moment o	al we tor +	F _R (allow. rae shaft load) ⁴⁾	(allov
l or	2 no	3 10	4 sta	5 no	ou 9	7 power gear bo	8 no	9 ratio gear b	10 efficiency gear box	11 max. power	2 mc forc	13 max. starting torque	4 mc	5 тс	16 total weight motor + geo	7 F _R sha	8 F _A sh
VDC	rpm	Nm	Nm	w	ADC	W	rpm	i	- %	w -	Nm	Nm	✓ min	kgm²	kg	N	N
			18111		ADC	'''	тріп	'	/0	<u> </u>	18111	INIII	× 1111111	Kgiii	Ng		
HBI 2630 - GPK 55 24 750 1,1 1,7 85 5,4 90 3000 4 :1 95 1100 14 25 25 0,00448×10 ⁻³ 2,30 800 300																	
48	750	.,,	1,7		2,8	/0	0000	7 .1	/5	1100	1.4	23	23	0,00440X10	2,00	000	000
24	429	1,9	2,9	85	5,4	90	3000	7 :1	95	630	14	25	25	0,00368x10 ⁻³	2,30	800	300
48					2,8												
24	333	2,4	3,8	85	5,4	90	3000	9 :1	95	350	10	15	25	0,00352x10 ⁻³	2,30	800	300
48					2,8												
24	188	4,0	6,7	80	5,4	90	3000	16 :1	90	550	28	50	30	0,00418x10 ⁻³	2,60	800	300
48					2,8												
24	107	7,1	12	80	5,4	90	3000	28 :1	90	315	28	50	30	0,00413x10 ⁻³	2,60	800	300
48					2,8												
24	61	12	21	80	5,4	90	3000	49 :1	90	160	25	50	30	0,00356x10 ⁻³	2,60	800	300
48					2,8												
	60 - GP																
24	750	1,9	3,1	150	9,5	160	3000	4 :1	95	1100	14	25	25	0,00448x10 ⁻³	2,65	800	300
48	400	0.4	·	150	4,8	1/0	2000		05	/00	1.4	0.5	0.5	0.000/0.103	0.75	000	200
24 48	429	3,4	5,4	150	9,5 4,8	160	3000	7 :1	95	630	14	25	25	0,00368x10 ⁻³	2,65	800	300
24	333	4,4	6,9	150	9,5	160	3000	9 :1	95	350	10	15	25	0,00352x10 ⁻³	2,65	800	300
48	333	4,4	0,7	150	4,8	100	3000	/ .1	/5	330	10	15	25	0,00332210	2,03	000	300
24	188	7,3	12	145	9,5	160	3000	16 :1	90	550	28	50	30	0,00418x10 ⁻³	2,95	800	300
48		. , ,			4,8				/ -				"	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	_,,,		
24	107	13	21	145	9,5	160	3000	28 :1	90	315	28	50	30	0,00413x10 ⁻³	2,95	800	300
48					4,8									-	,		
24	61	22	37	145	9,5	160	3000	49 :1	90	160	25	50	30	0,00356x10 ⁻³	2,95	800	300
48					4,8												

Tolerances +/- 10 %.

Columns 3 and 10

Values are valid at operating temperature after run-in period.

Columns 3 and 6

To avoid gearbox overload, it is necessary to limit the motor torque by adjusting the motor current in the integrated electronics (at higher gear ratios).

Columns 4

Values are valid assuming that the drive is loaded with peak torque. For higher ratios it is necessary to limit the peak current in the integrated electronics.

Columns 11, 12 and 13

To avoid gearbox overload do not exceed the mentioned values. For oscillating operation the mentioned limitations must be multiplied by 0,75.

- 1) input DC-current
- $^{2)}$ Values are for motor-assembling on a locating face of aluminium of at least 0,15 $\,\mathrm{m}^2$ at a thickness of 10 mm or similar metal face.
- 3) Values are reduced to motor shaft.
- 4) Middle of the shaft-extension.
- 5) Motor current must be limited in the integrated electronics to avoid excess of the mentioned value.